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Company Announcements Office
Australian Stock Exchange
Exchange Centre
20 Bridge Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

**Securities Trading Policy
Gage Roads Brewing Co Limited (ASX : GRB)**

Please find enclosed a copy of the Company's updated securities trading policy in accordance with Listing Rules 12.9, 12.10, and 12.12.

-ENDS-

For further information please contact:

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AUSTRALIA'S CRAFT BREWERY

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GAGE ROADS BREWING CO LTD
ACN 103 014 320
(Company)

TRADING POLICY

1. INTRODUCTION

These guidelines set out the policy on the sale and purchase of securities in the Company by its employees, particularly its directors and senior executives (**Restricted Personnel**).

Restricted Personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company. Restricted Personnel include those individuals who report directly to the Chairman, any Director or any other employee considered appropriate to be covered by this policy by the Chairman, Board or Company Secretary from time to time.

Restricted Personnel and employees in general, are encouraged to be long-term holders of the Company's securities. However, it is important that Restricted Personnel take care in the timing of any purchase or sale of such securities.

The purpose of these guidelines is to assist Restricted Personnel and employees generally to avoid conduct known as 'insider trading'. Further, these guidelines identify the circumstances in which Restricted Personnel may legitimately trade in the securities of the Company and periods in which trading is prohibited.

In some respects, the Company's policy extends beyond the strict requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

2. WHAT TYPES OF TRANSACTIONS ARE COVERED BY THIS POLICY?

This policy applies to both the sale and purchase of any securities of the Company and its subsidiaries on issue from time to time.

3. WHAT IS INSIDER TRADING?

3.1 Prohibition

Insider trading is a criminal offence. It may also result in civil liability. In broad terms, employees or Restricted Personnel will be guilty of insider trading if:

- (a) that person possesses information which is not generally available to the market and, if it were generally available to the market, would be likely to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities (i.e. information that is 'price sensitive'); and
- (b) that person:
 - (i) buys or sells securities in the Company; or
 - (ii) procures someone else to buy or sell securities in the Company; or
 - (iii) passes on that information to a third party where that person knows, or ought reasonably to know, that the third party would be likely to buy or sell the securities or procure someone else to buy or sell the securities of the Company.

3.2 Examples

To illustrate the prohibition described above, the following are possible examples of price sensitive information which, if made available to the market, may be likely to materially affect the price of the Company's securities:

- (a) the Company considering a major acquisition;
- (b) the threat of major litigation against the Company;
- (c) the Company's revenue and profit or loss results materially exceeding (or falling short of) the market's expectations;
- (d) a material change in debt, liquidity or cash flow;
- (e) a significant new development proposal (e.g. new product or technology);
- (f) the grant or loss of a major contract;
- (g) a management or business restructuring proposal;
- (h) a share issue proposal;

3.3 Dealing through third parties

The insider trading prohibition extends to dealings by Restricted Personnel or other employees through nominees, agents or other associates, such as family members, family trusts and family companies (referred to as "**Associates**" in these guidelines).

3.4 Information however obtained

It does not matter how or where the person obtains the information – it does not have to be obtained from the Company to constitute inside information.

3.5 Employee share schemes

The prohibition does not apply to acquisitions of shares or options by employees made under employee share or option schemes, nor does it apply to the acquisition of shares as a result of the exercise of options under an employee option scheme. However, the prohibition does apply to the sale of shares acquired under an employee share scheme and also to the sale of shares acquired following the exercise of an option granted under an employee option scheme.

4. GUIDELINES FOR TRADING IN THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES

4.1 Directors requirements before trading

Before trading, or giving instructions for trading in the Company's securities:

- (a) a Director must notify the Chairman of his intention to trade;
- (b) confirm that he does not hold any inside information; and
- (c) been advised by the Chairman that there is no reason to preclude him from trading in the Company's securities as notified.

4.2 Chairman's requirements before trading

Before trading, or giving instructions for trading in the Company's securities:

- (a) the Chairman must notify the Board of his intention to trade;
- (b) confirm that he does not hold any inside information; and
- (c) been advised by the Board that there is no reason to preclude him from trading in the Company's securities as notified.

4.3 Other Restricted Personnel

In the case of any other Restricted Personnel, they must notify and obtain the clearance from the Company Secretary before trading or giving instructions for trading.

4.4 Trading Restrictions

Restricted Personnel must not, except in exceptional circumstances deal in securities of the Company in the following circumstances or periods:

- (a) When they are in possession of price sensitive information not yet released by the Company to the market or in any event;
- (b) two weeks prior to, and 24 hours after the release of the Company's Annual Financial Report; and
- (c) two weeks prior to, and 24 hours after the release of the Consolidated Interim Financial Report of the Company.

(together the **Closed Periods**).

The Company may at its discretion vary this rule in relation to a particular Closed Periods by general announcement to all Restricted Personnel either before or during the Closed Periods. However, if Restricted Personnel are in possession of price sensitive information which is not generally available to the market, then he or she must not deal in the Company's securities at **any** time.

4.5 No short-term trading in the Company's securities

Restricted Personnel should never engage in short-term trading of the Company's securities except for the exercise of options where the shares will be sold shortly thereafter.

4.6 Securities in other companies

Buying and selling securities of other companies with which the Company may be dealing is prohibited where an individual possesses information which is not generally available to the market and is 'price sensitive'. For example, where an individual is aware that the Company is about to sign a major agreement with another company, they should not buy securities in either the Company or the other company.

4.7 Exceptions

- (a) Restricted Personnel may at any time:

- (i) acquire ordinary shares in the Company by conversion of securities giving a right of conversion to ordinary shares;
- (ii) acquire Company securities under a bonus issue made to all holders of securities of the same class;
- (iii) acquire Company securities under a dividend reinvestment, or top-up plan that is available to all holders of securities of the same class;
- (iv) acquire, or agree to acquire or exercise options under a Company Share Option Plan;
- (v) withdraw ordinary shares in the Company held on behalf of Restricted Personnel in an employee share plan where the withdrawal is permitted by the rules of that plan;
- (vi) acquire ordinary shares in the Company as a result of the exercise of options held under an employee option scheme;
- (vii) transfer securities of the Company already held into a superannuation fund or other saving scheme in which the restricted person is a beneficiary;
- (viii) make an investment in, or trade in units of, a fund or other scheme (other than a scheme only investing in the securities of the Company) where the assets of the fund or other scheme are invested at the discretion of a third party;
- (ix) where a restricted person is a trustee, trade in the securities of the Company by that trust, provided the restricted person is not a beneficiary of the trust and any decision to trade during a prohibited period is taken by the other trustees or by the investment managers independently of the restricted person;
- (x) undertake to accept, or accept, a takeover offer;
- (xi) trade under an offer or invitation made to all or most of the security holders, such as a rights issue, a security purchase plan, a dividend or distribution reinvestment plan and an equal access buy-back, where the plan that determines the timing and structure of the offer has been approved by the board. This includes decisions relating to whether or not to take up the entitlements and the sale of entitlements required to provide for the take up of the balance of entitlements under a renounceable pro rata issue;
- (xii) dispose of securities of the Company resulting from a secured lender exercising their rights, for example, under a margin lending arrangement;
- (xiii) exercise (but not sell securities following exercise) an option or a right under an employee incentive scheme, or convert a convertible security, where the final date for the exercise of the option or right, or the conversion of the security, falls during a prohibited period or the Company has had a number of consecutive prohibited periods and the restricted person could

not reasonably have been expected to exercise it at a time when free to do so; or

(xiv) trade under a non-discretionary trading plan for which prior written clearance has been provided in accordance with procedures set out in this Policy.

(b) In respect of any share or option plans adopted by the Company, it should be noted that it is not permissible to provide the exercise price of options by selling the shares acquired on the exercise of these options unless the sale of those shares occurs outside the periods specified in paragraph 4.4.

Were this is to occur at a time when the person possessed inside information, then the sale of Company securities would be a breach of insider trading laws, even though the person's decision to sell was not influenced by the inside information that the person possessed and the person may not have made a profit on the sale. Where Company securities are provided to a lender as security by way of mortgage or charge, a sale that occurs under that mortgage or charge as a consequence of default would not breach insider trading laws.

4.8 Notification of periods when Restricted Personnel are not permitted to trade

The Company Secretary will endeavour to notify all Restricted Personnel of the times when they are not permitted to buy or sell the Company's securities as set out in paragraph 4.4.

5. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

5.1 ASX Notification

Subsequent to the notification requirements in accordance with paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2, any Restricted Personnel who (or through his or her Associates) buys, sells, or exercises rights in relation to Company securities **must** notify the Company Secretary in writing of the details of the transaction within five (5) business days of the transaction occurring. This notification obligation **operates at all times** but does not apply to acquisitions of shares or options by employees made under employee share or option schemes, nor does it apply to the acquisition of shares as a result of the exercise of options under an employee option scheme.

5.2 Restricted Personnel sale of securities

Restricted Personnel need to be mindful of the market perception associated with any sale of Company securities and possibly the ability of the market to absorb the volume of shares being sold.

5.3 Exemption from Closed Periods restrictions due to exceptional circumstance

Restricted Personnel who are not in possession of inside information in relation to the Company, may be given prior written clearance by the Chairman (or in the case of the Chairman by all other members of the Board) to sell or otherwise dispose of Company securities in a Closed Period where the person is in severe financial hardship or where there are exceptional circumstances as set out in this policy.

5.4 Severe financial hardship or exceptional circumstances

The determination of whether Restricted Personnel are in severe financial hardship will be made by the Chairman (or in the case of the Chairman by all other members of the Board).

A financial hardship or exceptional circumstances determination can only be made by examining all of the facts and if necessary obtaining independent verification of the facts from banks, accountants or other like institutions.

5.5 Financial hardship

Restricted Personnel may be in severe financial hardship if they have a pressing financial commitment that cannot be satisfied other than by selling the securities of the Company.

In the interests of an expedient and informed determination by the Chairman (or all other members of the Board as the context requires), any application for an exemption allowing the sale of Company securities in a Closed Period based on financial hardship must be made in writing stating all of the facts and be accompanied by copies of relevant supporting documentation, including contact details of the person's accountant, bank and other such independent institutions (where applicable).

Any exemption, if issued, will be in writing and shall contain a specified time period during which the sale of securities can be made.

5.6 Exceptional circumstances

Exceptional circumstances may apply to the disposal of Company securities by a Restricted Personnel if the person is required by a court order, a court enforceable undertaking for example in a bona fide family settlement, to transfer or sell securities of the Company, or there is some other overriding legal or regulatory requirement to do so.

Any application for an exemption allowing the sale of Company securities in a Closed Period based on exceptional circumstances must be made in writing and be accompanied by relevant court and/or supporting legal documentation (where applicable).

Any exemption, if issued, will be in writing and shall contain a specified time period during which the sale of securities can be made.

6. ASX NOTIFICATION FOR DIRECTORS

The ASX Listing Rules require the Company to notify the ASX within 5 business days after any dealing in securities of the Company (either personally or through an Associate) which results in a change in the relevant interests of a Director in the securities of the Company. The Company has made arrangements with each Director to ensure that the Director promptly discloses to the Company Secretary all the information required by the ASX.

7. EFFECT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THIS POLICY

Compliance with these guidelines for trading in the Company's securities does not absolve that individual from complying with the law, which must be the overriding consideration when trading in the Company's securities.